

# PATENT ABSTRACTS OF JAPAN

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(21)Application number : 05-084134 (71)Applicant : SANYO ELECTRIC

(22)Date of filing : 17403.1993 (72)Inventor : MAYUMI UEHARA  
TOSHIYUKI NOMA  
HIROSHI KURIKAWA

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## CLAIMS

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### [Claim(s)]

[Claim 1] The nonaqueous battery characterized by using metal multiple oxide expressed by empirical formula  $Li_xByNi_zCo_wO_a$  (wherein,  $0 < x < 1.3$ ,  $y > 0$ ,  $0 \leq w < z$ ,  $y+z+w=1$ , and  $1.8 \leq a \leq 2.2$ ) as a positive active material in the nonaqueous battery using the material which can intercalate or de-intercalate lithium ion or lithium metal

[Claim 2] The nonaqueous battery according to claim 1 whose y in the aforementioned empirical formula is 0.01-0.3.

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## DETAILED DESCRIPTION

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### [Detailed Description of the Invention]

#### [0006] [The purpose of this invention]

To offer the highly safety nonaqueous battery which seldom carries out unusual generation of heat even when cell temperature rises, since the reaction start temperature of a positive active material and the electrolytic solution is high.

#### [0015] (Example 1)

The flat type nonaqueous battery (this invention cell) was produced.

#### [0016] [Production of positive electrode]

$LiOH$ ,  $B_2O_3$ ,  $Ni(OH)_2$ ,  $Co_2(OH)$  are mixed at the rate of the atomic ratio  $1.0 : 0.01 : 0.5 : 0.49$ . It was calcinated at 800 degree C for 20 hours, and is empirical formula  $LiB_{0.01}Ni_{0.5}Co_{0.49}O_2$ .

[0017] Subsequently, this cathode powder, the acetylene black as an electric conductive agent, and the fluorine resin powder as a binder were mixed at  $90 : 6 : 4$ . It was pressed at  $2 t/cm^2$ ,

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and was dried at 250 degree C. The disc-like positive electrode with a diameter of 20mm was produced. In addition, the stainless steel plate (SUS304) was used as positive-electrode current collection field.

[0023] (Example 2)

Empirical-formula  $\text{LiB}_{0.1}\text{Ni}_{0.5}\text{Co}_{0.4}\text{O}_2$

[0024] (Example 3)

Empirical-formula  $\text{LiB}_{0.20}\text{Ni}_{0.5}\text{Co}_{0.3}\text{O}_2$

[0025] (Example 4)

Empirical-formula  $\text{LiB}_{0.30}\text{Ni}_{0.5}\text{Co}_{0.2}$

[0026] (Example 5)

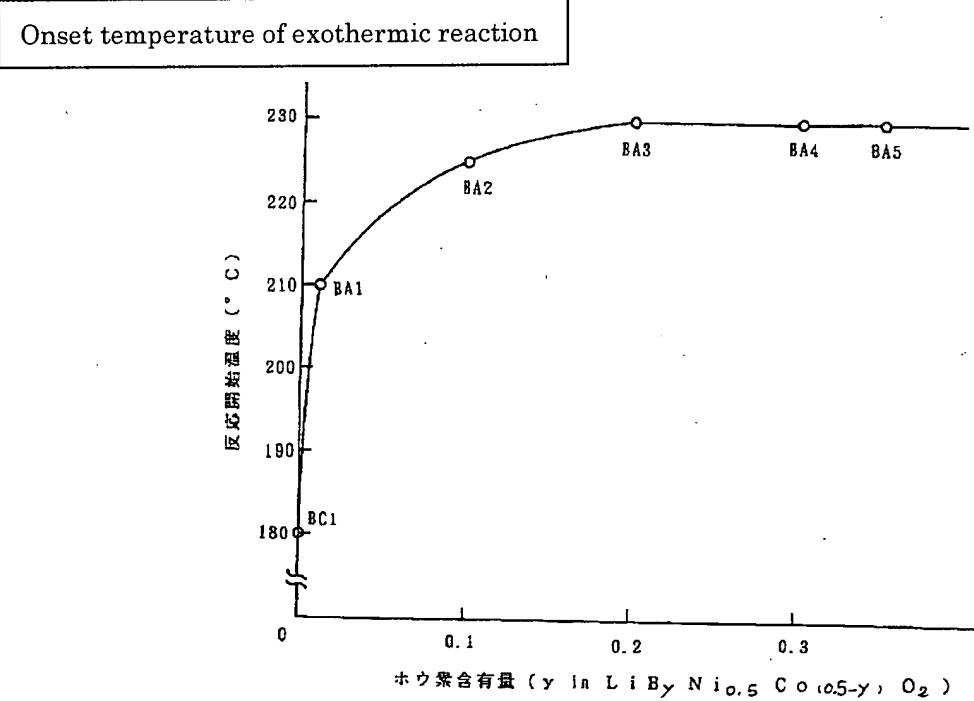
Empirical-formula  $\text{LiB}_{0.35}\text{Ni}_{0.5}\text{Co}_{0.1}$

[0027] (Example of a comparison)

Empirical-formula  $\text{LiNi}_{0.5}\text{Co}_{0.5}\text{O}_2$

[Drawing 2]

[Drawing 3]



Discharge Capacity

